

Issue Date 28-Aug-2015

Revision Date 04-Mar-2016

Version 1

WB

Tinté D'Acqua

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name Tinté D'Acqua

Other means of identification

Product Code WB

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Supplier Address | Manufacturer Address |
| Solomon Colors, Inc. | Solomon Colors, Inc. |
| 4050 Color Plant Road | 4050 Color Plant Road |
| Springfield, IL 62702 | Springfield, IL 62702 |

Company Phone Number 800-624-0261 (US & Canada); 217-522-3112 (Outside North America)

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number 800-373-7542

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.122)

Not a dangerous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

Label elements

Emergency Overview

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health

Appearance No information available

Physical state Liquid

Odor Characteristic

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling
Use personal protective equipment as required

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
May cause eye irritation. May cause: tearing, redness, discomfort.

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for cleaning up Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA PEL | NIOSH IDLH |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ | TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ total dust | IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³ |
| Red Iron Oxide 1309-37-1 | TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ fume TWA: 15 mg/m ³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m ³ fume and total dust Iron oxide (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction regulated under Rouge | IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³ Fe dust and fume TWA: 5 mg/m ³ Fe dust and fume |
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 | TWA: 3 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction | TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ | IDLH: 1750 mg/m ³ TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons PAH |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

No special technical protective measures are necessary.

Skin and body protection

No special technical protective measures are necessary.

Respiratory protection

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Liquid

Appearance

No information available

Color

White

Odor

Characteristic

Odor threshold

No information available

Property

Values

Remarks • Method

pH

No information available

Melting point/freezing point

No information available

Boiling point / boiling range

100 °C / 212 °F

Flash point

No information available

Evaporation rate

No information available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit:

No information available

Lower flammability limit:

No information available

Vapor pressure

No information available

Vapor density

No information available

Specific Gravity

1.01 - 1.05

Water solubility

No information available

Solubility in other solvents

No information available

Partition coefficient

No information available

| | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Autoignition temperature | No information available |
| Decomposition temperature | No information available |
| Kinematic viscosity | No information available |
| Dynamic viscosity | No information available |
| Explosive properties | No information available |
| Oxidizing properties | No information available |

Other Information

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Softening point | No information available |
| Molecular weight | No information available |
| VOC Content (%) | < 100 g/L |
| Density | No information available |
| Bulk density | No information available |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Product Information | No data available |
| Inhalation | No data available. |
| Eye contact | No data available. |
| Skin Contact | No data available. |
| Ingestion | No data available. |

| Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 | > 10000 mg/kg (Rat) | - | - |
| Red Iron Oxide 1309-37-1 | > 10000 mg/kg (Rat) | - | - |
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 | > 15400 mg/kg (Rat) | > 3 g/kg (Rabbit) | - |
| Poly(ethylene Glycol) 25322-68-3 | = 22 g/kg (Rat) = 28 g/kg (Rat) | > 20 g/kg (Rabbit) > 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) | - |

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.
Carcinogenicity Carbon Black - Not a hazardous substance or preparation according to the Global Harmonized System (GHS). In 1995 IARC concluded, "There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black." Based on rat inhalation studies IARC concluded that there is "sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black". IARC's overall evaluation was that "Carbon black is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)." This conclusion was based on IARC's guidelines, which require such a classification if one animal species exhibits carcinogenicity in two or more studies. Lung tumors in rats are the result of exposure under "lung overload" conditions. The development of lung tumors in rats is specific to this species. Mouse and hamster showed no carcinogenicity in similar studies. In 2006 IARC re-affirmed its 1995 classification of carbon black as Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans). Overall, as a result of the detailed epidemiological investigations, no causative link between carbon black exposure and cancer risk in humans has been demonstrated. This view is consistent with the IARC evaluation in 2006. Furthermore, several epidemiological and clinical studies of workers in the carbon black production industries show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black. No dose response relationship was observed in workers exposed to carbon black. Applying the rules of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling (GHS, e.g. UN `Purple Book`, EU CLP Regulation) the results of repeated dose toxicity and carcinogenicity studies in animals do not lead to classification of Carbon Black for Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated exposure) and carcinogenicity. UN GHS says, that even if adverse effects are seen in animal studies or in-vitro tests, no classification is needed if the mechanism or mode of action is not relevant to humans. The European CLP Regulation also mentions, that no classification is indicated if the mechanism is not relevant to humans. Furthermore, the CLP guidance on classification and labeling states, that "lung overload" in animals is listed under mechanism not relevant to humans. Titanium Dioxide - In 2006, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) evaluated TiO₂ as "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B) based primarily on studies in rats. Inhalation exposures to TiO₂ in rats can result in lung effects and lung tumors. However, it is generally recognized that the rat is uniquely sensitive to the effects of "lung overload" which is not observed in other species including humans (Ref. 6). These facts are supported by the results from four large epidemiology studies involving more than 20,000 workers in the titanium dioxide manufacturing industry in North America and Europe which indicate no association with an

increased risk of cancer or with any other adverse lung effects (Ref. 1,2,3,4,5,7). These studies did not specifically differentiate between the ultrafine and pigmentary TiO₂.
 References: 1. Boffetta P, Gaborieau V, Nadon L, Parent M-E, Weiderpass E, Siemiatycki J. (2001). Exposure to titanium dioxide and risk of lung cancer in a population-based study from Montreal. *Scand. J. Work Environ. Health* 27:227-232. 2. Boffetta P., Soutar A., Cherrie J., Granath F., Andersen A., Anttila A., Blettner M., Gaborieau V., Klug S., Langard S., Luce D., Merletti F., Miller B., Mirabelli D., Pukkala E., Adami H-O., and Weiderpass E. (2004). Mortality among workers employed in the titanium dioxide industry in Europe. *Cancer Causes and Control* 15(7):697-706. 3. Chen J, and Fayerweather W. (1988). Epidemiologic study of workers exposed to titanium dioxide. *J. Occup. Med.* 30(12):937-42. 4. Fryzek J, Chadda B, Marano D, White K, Schweitzer S, McLaughlin J, and Blot W. (2003). A cohort mortality study among titanium dioxide manufacturing workers in the United States. *J. Occup. Environ. Med.* 45(4): 400-09. 5. Garabrant D.H., Fine L.J., Oliver C., Bernstein L., and Peters J.M. (1987). Abnormalities of pulmonary function and pleural disease among titanium metal production workers. *Scand. J. Work Environ. Health* 13(1):47-51. 6. Levy L. S. (1994). Squamous Lung Lesions Associated with Chronic Exposure by Inhalation of Rats to p-Aramid Fibrils (Fine Fiber Dust) and to Titanium Dioxide: Findings of a Pathology Workshop. In: Mohr, U (Ed), *Toxic and carcinogenic effects of solid particles in the respiratory tract*, ILSI Press, 473-478. 7. Ramanakumar AV, Parent ME, Latreille B, Siemiatycki J. (2008). Risk of lung cancer following exposure to carbon black, titanium dioxide and talc: results from two case-control studies in Montreal. *Int J Cancer* 122:183-9.

| Chemical Name | ACGIH | IARC | NTP | OSHA |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------|-----|------|
| Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 | - | Group 2B | - | X |
| Red Iron Oxide 1309-37-1 | - | Group 3 | - | - |
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 | A3 | Group 2B | - | X |

Reproductive toxicity No information available.
STOT - single exposure No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure No information available.
Aspiration hazard No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 2881 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 2002 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

| Chemical Name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Crustacea |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 | - | - | 5600: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 |
| Poly(ethylene Glycol) 25322-68-3 | - | 5000: 24 h Carassius auratus mg/L LC50 | - |

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Other adverse effects

No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Disposal of wastes | Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | Do not reuse container. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| <u>DOT</u> | Not regulated |
| <u>TDG</u> | Not regulated |
| <u>MEX</u> | Not regulated |
| <u>ICAO (air)</u> | Not regulated |
| <u>IATA</u> | Not regulated |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

| | |
|----------------------|----------|
| TSCA | Complies |
| DSL/NDSL | Complies |
| EINECS/ELINCS | Complies |
| ENCS | Complies |
| IECSC | Complies |
| KECL | Complies |
| PICCS | Complies |
| AICS | Complies |

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

| | |
|--|----|
| Acute health hazard | No |
| Chronic Health Hazard | No |
| Fire hazard | No |
| Sudden release of pressure hazard | No |
| Reactive Hazard | No |

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

| Chemical Name | California Proposition 65 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Titanium Dioxide - 13463-67-7 | Carcinogen |
| Carbon Black - 1333-86-4 | Carcinogen |

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

| Chemical Name | New Jersey | Massachusetts | Pennsylvania |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|
| Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 | X | X | X |
| Red Iron Oxide 1309-37-1 | X | X | X |
| Carbon Black 1333-86-4 | X | X | X |

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

| | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| <u>NFPA</u> | Reactivity 0 | Physical and Chemical Properties - | <u>HMIS</u> | Health hazards 0 |
| Flammability 0 | Physical hazards 0 | Personal protection X | | |

Issue Date 28-Aug-2015

Revision Date 04-Mar-2016

Revision Note

No information available

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet